

Solar Energy Power Plant

S.E.P.P.

Overview

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SOLAR ENERGY POWER PLANT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. 24 hour system use,
- 2. autonomous system,
- 3. high plant availability,
- 4. high thermal and electric conversion efficiency,
- 5. operation and service with low man power requirements,
- 6. high temperature process heat production,
- 7. electricity production and use of waste heat energy,
- 8. clean and ecological system.

S.E.P.P. - BASIC FEATURES OF LARGE PARABOLIC DISH SYSTEMS

- high conversion efficiency due to high process temperatures,
- low service and maintenance requirements,
- simple and reliable cycle using air as working medium,
- low thermal inertia for a short system start-up time,
- development potential for extremely high process temperatures through the use of ceramics in receiver and turbine for future generations of Large Parabolic Dish Systems (1200° Celsius and higher),
- compact, stand-alone system with 24 h system use due to hybrid firing mode.

Comparison S.E.P.P. to other Concepts

- 1. higher output in annual kWh (electric or thermal) due to constant two axis solar tracking without a cosine loss factor;
- 2. higher efficiency in electric power conversion due to constant heat flux distribution in receiver;
- 3. high availability through the use of proven components;
- 4. process heat availability in a wide spectrum of temperatures (650° down to 200° Celsius and lower as exhaust heat);
- 5. exhaust heat utilization at temperature levels of 200° Celsius together with electricity production can bring plant efficiency up to 85 %;
- 6. spin-offs for use of collector as radio telescope for radio astronomy during non-sunshine hours.

S.E.P.P. - USER PROFILE

- 1. isolated load user small communities with isolated site characteristics for electricity production and process heat applications;
- 2. industrial process heat user with the demands for both process heat and electricity in a "total energy systems" market. This market includes producers of chemical or fuels, apart from the smaller industrial process heat consumer in developing countries;
- 3. grid-connected electric utility user, primarily small communities, the repowering market with the bulk electric market as the ultimate goal.

Primary Uses of a Solar Power Plant

- electricity
- desalination
- foods with drying, canneries, etc.
- chemicals
- fuel production
- textiles
- paper
- fertilizers
- housing (heating and cooling)
- services (laundries, cleaners, etc.).

S.E.P.P. - Solar Thermal Power System

- low maintenance
- reliable
- simple
- compact
- use of the reject heat for industrial processes.